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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/691,573	10/24/2003	Takanori Isozaki	244333US0	6951
22850 7590 01/03/2008 OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET			EXAMINER	
			VARGOT, MATHIEU D	
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1791	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/03/2008	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/691,573	ISOZAKI ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Mathieu D. Vargot	1791			
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNI 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI tute, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status		·			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 2a)□ This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ T 3)□ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	his action is non-final. wance except for formal mat				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 18,20,21,24-34,36 and 37 is/are per 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 18,20,21,24-34,36 and 37 is/are re 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and Application Papers	rawn from consideration. jected. d/or election requirement.				
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to t Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	nccepted or b) objected to he drawing(s) be held in abeya rection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). I(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application 			

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1.The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 18, 20, 21, 24-34, 36 and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Racich et al in view of Sanefuji et al essentially for reasons of record noting the following.

Applicant has cancelled claim 19 and out the recitation into independent claim 18, as well as amending the other independent claims to recite the relationship between the stretching distance (A) and the stretched film width (C). However, it is respectfully submitted that this relationship would have been within the skill level of the art, absent a showing to the contrary. Indeed, it is agreed that the film stretched in Racich has a much smaller width than the instant. However, the film of Sanefuji has a width of at least 2 meters—as in the instant claims—and it is believed that one of ordinary skill in the art would have adjusted the processing parameters accordingly to allow for the greater film width. Ie, since the amount of film to be processed would be much greater, it is submitted that one of ordinary skill in the art would have scaled up parameters such as stretching distance and the ratio of this to the stretched film width.

2.Applicant's arguments filed October 12, 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. While applicant states that the stretching of a film 2 meters or more in width was not possible at the time of the Racich et al invention, such is not the legal standard for obviousness. Indeed, the standard is would such have been

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possible—or obvious—at the time of the instant invention, not that of the references applied. Also, it is not relevant to the instant claims whether Racich et al performs a preliminary dry stretching, since it is the stretching in the borate bath that is relevant to the instant claimed invention. Applicant again mentions the 5 factors previously argued and adds a sixth, the instant ratio of stretching distance to stretched film width. Again, it is reiterated that the secondary reference to Sanefuji et al actually teaches factors (1)-(3) and Racich et al teaches factor (5). The factors not expressly taught—ie, (4) and (6). are respectfully submitted to be obvious expedients in the combination as applied due to the stretching of a film of greater width in the first place. Again, lacking a showing to the contrary, it is believed that the instant claims would have been prime facie obvious based on routine scale-up experimentation.

3. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mathieu D. Vargot whose telephone number is 571 272-1211. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri from 9 to 6.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christina Johnson, can be reached on 571 272-1176. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. Application/Control Number: 10/691,573

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M. Vargot December 23, 2007 Mathieu D. Vargot Primary Examiner Art Unit 1791

12/23/07